

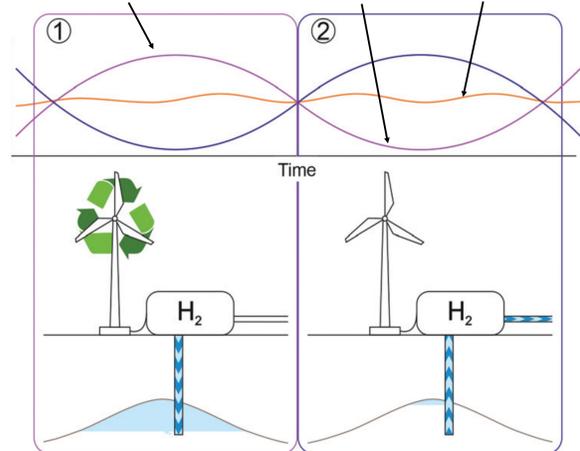
Hydrogen Mixing Dynamics during Underground Storage in Depleted Gas Reservoirs

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INTRODUCTION

- ❖ Underground hydrogen storage (UHS) is a feasible solution to store excessive renewable energy resources
- ❖ Depleted gas reservoir is suggested as a suitable geological site for UHS operation
- ❖ Cushion gas is pre-injected for pressure and deliverability maintenance
- ❖ Gas mixing between in-situ gas and injected cushion gas can lead to the contamination and loss of hydrogen in the gas reservoir

Renewable Energy Production H₂ Usage Energy Demand



(Heinemann et al, 2021, Energy and Environmental Science)

OBJECTIVES

- ❖ H₂ mixing with in-situ gas and cushion gas can be influenced by:
 - In-situ gas amount
 - Cushion gas amount
 - Hydrodynamic dispersion (HD)
 - Formation Geometry
- ❖ Investigating the H₂ mixing dynamics and the impacts of the influencing factors on produced H₂ purity and recovery factor (RF) using numerical simulation

METHODS

Conceptual Model & Assumptions

- ✓ Single gas phase
- ✓ Isotropic and homogeneous formation
- ✓ Impermeable boundary
- ✓ No chemical and microbial activities
- ✓ Isothermal condition

Governing Equations

Mass conservation for chemical species

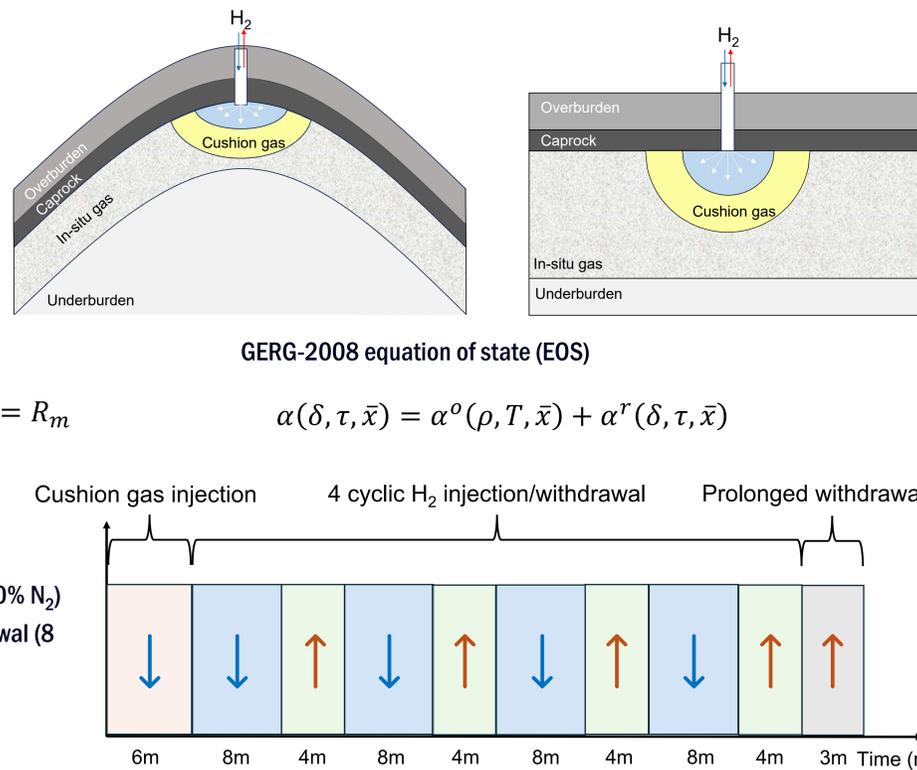
$$\phi \rho \frac{\partial (\omega_i)}{\partial t} + \rho (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \omega_i + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{j}_i = R_m$$

GERG-2008 equation of state (EOS)

$$\alpha(\delta, \tau, \bar{x}) = \alpha^o(\rho, T, \bar{x}) + \alpha^r(\delta, \tau, \bar{x})$$

General Working Schedule

- ✓ 6-month pre-injection of cushion gas (100% N₂)
- ✓ 4 cyclic injections (4 months) and withdrawal (8 months)
- ✓ 3-months prolonged withdrawal



RESULTS

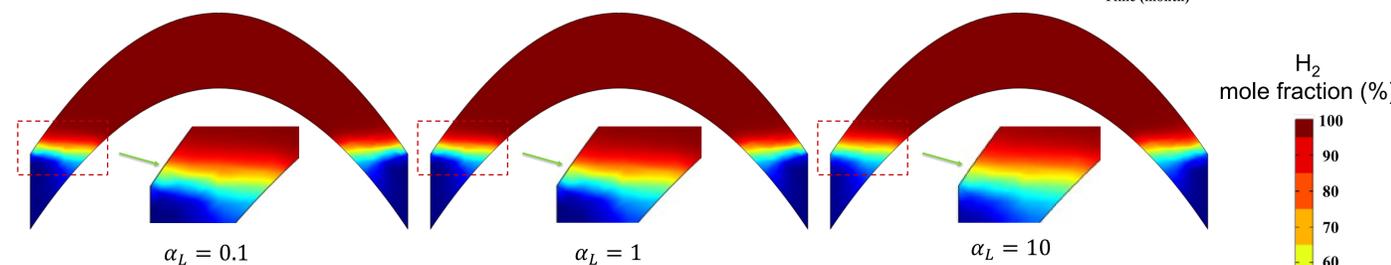
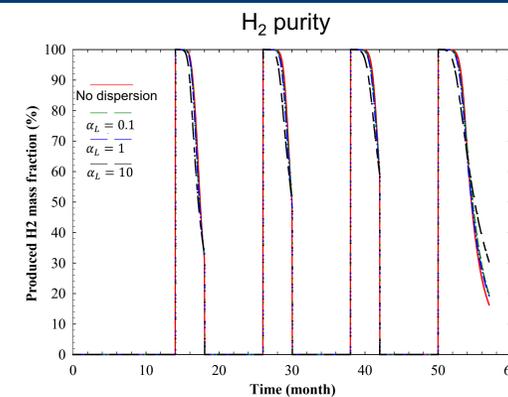
➢ In-situ Gas & Cushion Gas Amount

H₂ purity and RF both decrease with the increasing amount of in-situ gas and cushion gas

➢ Hydrodynamic Dispersion (HD)

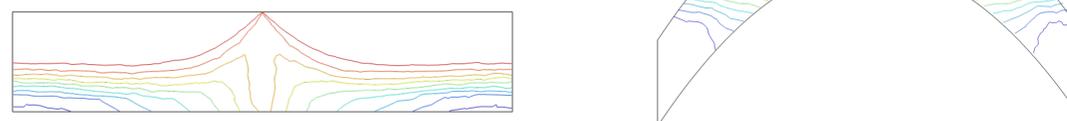
The gas mixing region is amplified with the increasing longitudinal dispersivity (α_L)

When Longitudinal dispersivity is at 10¹ order, HD has a notable impact on H₂ purity and RF



➢ Formation Geometry

Anticline structure can utilize gravity segregation to accumulate H₂ at the top and facilitate the withdrawal of H₂



CONCLUSIONS

- We conducted numerical simulations to investigate several influencing factors and H₂ mixing dynamics during UHS:
 - ❖ Under the same molar composition, in-situ gas (CH₄) can provide a slightly better H₂ RF (0.5 - 1.4%) than cushion gas (N₂)
 - ❖ Hydrodynamic dispersion leads to a notable reduction in H₂ purity and H₂ RF will decrease up to 6% when formation dispersivity is at 10¹ order
 - ❖ Horizontal trap significantly decreases the H₂ purity and H₂ RF will reduce up to 23% in each cycle, gravity segregation can facilitate the withdrawal of H₂

REFERENCES

Li, Dexuan, and Hamid Emami-Meybodi. "Hydrogen Mixing Dynamics in Depleted Gas Reservoirs." Paper presented at the SPE Annual Technical Conference and Exhibition, New Orleans, Louisiana, USA, September 2024.

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